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SONGKONG, SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1917.

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Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

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Estimates furnished on application.
WONG PING WA, Manager.
Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

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"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

THE WAR.

THE BATTLE OF ARRAS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

ANOTHER BRITISH ATTACK.

ENEMY'S POSITIONS ON WIDE
FRONT CAPTURED.

London, April 13.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig
reports:
We attacked last night between
St. Quentin and Cambrai. After
sharp fighting, we captured the
enemy's positions on a wide front,
from the northward of Hargicourt to
Metzencourt. We now hold Sart
Furin, Gauche Wood, Gouzeaucourt
Village and Gouzeaucourt Wood.
We successfully raided, during the
night, to the south-west of Loos.
Our machine-guns stopped a raid
in the neighbourhood of Plegstreet.

OFFENSIVE PUSHING RELENTLESSLY.

THE BREACH IN THE HINDEN-
BURG LINE.

London, April 13.
Reuter's Correspondent at British
Headquarters in France, telegraphing
to-day, states:
The offensive is pushing re-
lentlessly and there has been most
violent fighting to-day.
The advance, mentioned in the
earlier communiqué, covered a length
of nine miles to an average depth of
a mile. We also gained considerable
advantage at Vimy Ridge.
The correspondent demolishes the
German claim that we have not
broken their front, by showing that
we have fought our way down 3,000
yards of the Hindenburg line and
have penetrated beyond the old
German line to a depth of 8,000
yards around Arras. A consider-
able number of German gun posi-
tions are now practically isolated by
our swarming artillery's concentric
fire. A large addition to the guns
already captured is expected.

THE BATTLE OF ARRAS. FIRST PHASE SUMMED UP.

London, April 13.
With the necessity of bringing up
heavy guns, which the shocking weather
is delaying, there is a lull in the Battle
of Arras.
The Times correspondent sums up the
results of the first phase as the storming
of the Germans' strongest positions on a
front of twelve miles and the turning of
the northern end of the Hindenburg
line. The British hold 3,000 yards
of this line, besides piercing it at
other points, as at Bullecourt, and
they are halfway towards the sup-
plementary line. It was the original
German intention to retire to this line.
Prisoners state that they expected
an attack on April 6, and when it did
not come they postponed their retire-
ment to April 11, but the sudden and
overwhelming British onslaught on
April 9, shattered their plans. Local
fighting is now proceeding in the
Monschy area. The stiffest fight in the
large operations which have already
begun appears to be in the form of an
attack against the old German front
beyond Givenchy, north of the point at
which the Canadian attack left off.

THE FATE OF LIEUT. ROBINSON.

Y.G.
Amsterdam, April 13.
A Berlin authoritative statement
says that a German airplane, shot
down near Arras, was reported missing on April 10.

FRENCH ATTACK NEAR ST. QUENTIN.

SEVERAL LINES OF TRENCHES
CARRIED.

London, April 13.
A French communiqué reports:—
We attacked, this morning, the
German positions to the south of
St. Quentin, and, despite the
enemy's desperate resistance, carried
several lines of trenches between the
Somme and the La Fere-St. Que-
entin road, bringing back prisoners and
machine-guns.
Our advanced elements progressed,
south of the Oise, to the eastward
of Coucy-la-Ville and captured pri-
soners and material. There is an
artillery struggle in the region of the
Aisne and in the Champagne.
Two enemy coups de main, in the
region of Verdun, failed under our
fire.

THE GERMAN REPORT.

London, April 13.
A German official message, trans-
mitted by wireless, reports:—
Our counter-thrusts balanced the
strong British attacks against
Givenchy and Engelle.
We twice repulsed attacks from
the Arras-Gavrelles road to the
"Scarpe."
We repulsed several attacks,
including cavalry, to the south-east
of Arras.
French attacks to the south of St.
Quentin failed.

THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

GERMAN OFFENSIVE IMMINENT.
Petrograd, April 12.
A captured German army order,
recalling all officers on leave, is
regarded as indicating that a German
offensive is imminent against the
junction of the northern and western
fronts.

AUSTRIANS BOMBARDED BY THEIR OWN ARTILLERY.

TO PREVENT SURRENDER.

London, April 13.
A Russian official message, trans-
mitted by wireless, states:—
In the region of Ozerki, the enemy
attacked and occupied our positions,
but a counter-attack drove them out.
In the region of Bogodschany,
following a gas attack without dan-
ger the Austrians were bombarded.
Disorder was noticed in the enemy
first line trenches. A part of the
Austrians retired and the remainder
attempted to approach with white
flags, but they were subjected to the
fire of their own artillery and fled
back.

EXCEPTIONALLY HEAVY SNOW IN RUSSIA.

Petrograd, April 12.
As a result of exceptionally heavy
snow this winter the rivers in South-
ern Russia are exceptionally flooded,
threatening towns and villages with
disaster.

THE DIFFICULTIES OF GREECE.

Athens, April 13.
The Government is beset with
political and financial difficulties.
There is a severe shortage of revenue
from the territory occupied by the
Venizelists and huge losses from
German torpedoing of Government
ships. Further uneasiness is caused
by the Entente's complaint that the
Government is fostering armed bands
in the neutral zone.
Mr. Zaimis is likely to replace Mr.
Eambricos as Premier.
(Continued on Page 5.)

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EVER ISSUED UNDER
PURELY NATIVE DIRECTION.

The Chinese Mail

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AUSTRALIA AND CHINA
HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
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FREE OF INCOME TAX

For every 15s. 6d. lent now £1 will be paid in 5 years time equivalent to 5 per cent. compound interest. No Income Tax will be payable.

Anyone, whatever his or her income may be, can buy War Savings Certificates up to a maximum of 500 £1 Certificates in all or their equivalent. Meanwhile the money may be withdrawn in full any time, with an addition after the first year.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

(1) A Certificate entitles the purchaser to receive £1 for each 15s. 6d. on the fifth anniversary of the date of purchase, free of income tax in respect of the accumulated interest.

(2) A Certificate is not transferable except by permission of the Postmaster General; a fee of 1s. will be charged in respect of each transfer. In the event of death, the same rules will be applied as in the case of Savings Bank Deposits.

(3) On written application (on a form obtainable at any Post Office) being made to the Controller, Money Order Department, London, the purchase price, or part thereof in multiples of 15s. 6d., will be repaid at any time, with an addition of 3d. for each 15s. 6d. on the first anniversary of the date of purchase and with a further addition of 1d. per 15s. 6d. for each month thereafter.

(4) No person may have more than 500 £1 Certificates or their equivalent. The £1 Certificates (purchase price 15s. 6d.) are issued in book form. The Certificates for £12 (purchase price £9 6s.) and £25 (purchase price £19 7s. 6d.) are issued without books. The £1, £12 and £25 Certificates are on sale at local Post Offices and at most Banks.

Single Certificates for sums from £100 to £500 may be obtained on application to the Controller and Accountant General, General Post Office, London; application forms are available at all Post Offices and at most Banks. If Certificates be lost, and the serial numbers can be furnished to the Controller of the Money Order Department, new Certificates will be issued at charge of 1s.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, LONDON, June, 1916.

(For examples of Investment in War Savings Certificates, see the other side.)

Examples of Investment in War Savings Certificates

Purchase Price	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years
100	100	100	100	100	100
101	101	101	101	101	101
102	102	102	102	102	102
103	103	103	103	103	103
104	104	104	104	104	104
105	105	105	105	105	105
106	106	106	106	106	106
107	107	107	107	107	107
108	108	108	108	108	108
109	109	109	109	109	109
110	110	110	110	110	110
111	111	111	111	111	111
112	112	112	112	112	112
113	113	113	113	113	113
114	114	114	114	114	114
115	115	115	115	115	115
116	116	116	116	116	116
117	117	117	117	117	117
118	118	118	118	118	118
119	119	119	119	119	119
120	120	120	120	120	120

N.B.—The Investment may be any multiple of 15s. 6d. up to £287 10s.

COLUMBIA
RECORDS.

- 7044 Kathleen Mavourneen Quartette
(Eileen Aitken)
- 7080 (Kilmarie)
The Old Rustic Bridge
- 7125 I Stood on the Bridge
at Midnight
- 7041 (Mary of Argyle)
Mary
- 7071 The Irish Emigrant
(Asthore)

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MUSIC CO., LTD.

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FOUR-ROOMED HOUSE in good locality, Kowloon, furnished preferred.
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Hongkong, April 12, 1917. 1670

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Apply P.O. Box 514.
Hongkong, April 12, 1917. 1603

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Apply in writing, accompanied by details of experience and copies of testimonials to The Manager, Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd., St. George's Buildings, Hongkong, April 12, 1917. 1671

POSITION WANTED.

GOVERNESS (experienced) returning present furlough post and September, DESIRES ENGAGEMENT from May as governess or companion to elder children, with family going to Japan in Summer.
Apply.—"GOVERNESS"
Co. "CHINA MAIL" Office.
Hongkong, April 10, 1917. 1638

NOTICE.

WE have now REMOVED to No. 5, JUBILEE STREET.
All communications in future to be sent to that address.
W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO.
Hongkong, April 12, 1917. 1667

NOTICE.

CAPTAIN D. A. LUKHMANOFF, Russian Volunteer Fleet Agent for Nagasaki and Hongkong, has the honour to notify the clients of the Company that the political changes in Russia do not affect the Company's business, which will be carried on as usual.
Hongkong, April 10, 1917. 1659

HONGKONG SCHOOLS' SPORTS.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG SCHOOLS' ATHLETIC SPORTS will be held on SATURDAY, the 21st April, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Offices of the Jockey Club on the Ground Floor of the Hongkong Club Annex, Charter Road.
By Order,
T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, April 5, 1917. 1649

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE HALF-YEARLY MEETING of Members will be held on SATURDAY, the 21st April, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Offices of the Jockey Club on the Ground Floor of the Hongkong Club Annex, Charter Road.
By Order,
T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.
Hongkong, April 5, 1917. 1649

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

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AND

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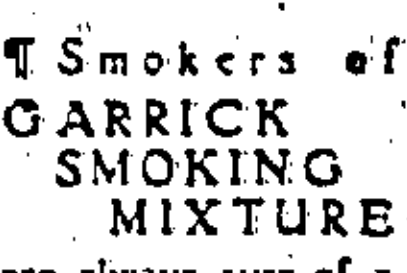
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BRITISH TRADE WITH CHINA.

ADDRESS BY THE COMMERCIAL ATTACHE.

Mr. Archibald Rose, Commercial Attache at Shanghai, visited Manchester on and inst., and addressed members of the Chamber of Commerce on the subject of trade with China. Mr. E. P. Stockton, vice-president of the Chamber, was in the chair.

Mr. Rose said he had spent eighteen years working and travelling in different parts of Asia, and he was firmly convinced that China is one of the markets which will test repay us for a little care and trouble in the difficult years of the period in which the industrial power of the world will be straining to repair the havoc of war. Dealing first with the outlook for increasing trade generally with China, Mr. Rose laid emphasis upon the importance of advertising. The one way to advertise with the Chinese, he said, is to let the consumer see the goods. Samples will do in some cases, goods on consignment in others, and in other cases still travellers, or goods on deferred payment. Japan, America, and Germany are making a very strong bid for the China market. They work hard, study the special needs of their buyers, and cut their costs of production to the lowest possible figure. It should also not be forgotten that the Chinese themselves are coming on very quickly as an industrial people.

FRANCO CONDITIONS NEEDED.

Mr. Rose made particular reference to the piece-goods trade. Cotton yarns and cotton cloth, as he reminded the meeting, stand the list in values of our exports from this country. China is the second biggest market in the world for cotton cloth. In his opinion she has by no means reached the limit of her consumption. He is convinced that China could take a great deal more of our cotton products than she would like to have them and could pay for them. But to induce her to do this conditions will have to change in some way. We are faced with two problems—new competition and changing conditions in the country itself. There are, Mr. Rose thinks, only two remedies—cheaper production in Lancashire and better distribution in China, mainly by the object of stimulating demand.

PRODUCTIVE COMPETITION.

As for the conditions of production, he summarised the position of competitors by saying that England can produce for a penny about 7½ lb. of cotton yarn, Japan 11 lb., and China 12½ lb. The advantages in the latter cases do not lie entirely in cheap labour, but rather in the fact that both in Japan and China they have been able to produce a cloth which is just good enough to suit the consumer and just cheap enough to compete successfully with a cheaper cloth from Lancashire for the remedy for increasing competition, in order that we might hold our own against competition which had been approached in a scientific way by America and Japan, seemed to him to be a commission, not too large.

appointed by co-operation between the master and operative spinners and weavers, the Far Eastern shippers, the merchants and trade union representatives, who would visit China and Japan for the express purpose of examining the products of local mills, the class of cotton used, and the cotton cloths which are selling better. Such a body of men might possibly decide that it is essential for employers to use and for operatives to work a certain quantity of cotton of inferior staple to that now employed. The proper handling of the China trade is of vital interest both to Capital and Labour in Lancashire. One thing he believes China could teach us all as the result of centuries of experience. She has her guilds and her trade unions, but they are combinations of employers with their employees, not of the one against the other. The Chinese have learnt, and they might help to teach us, the possibility and value of real co-operation. On the troubled question of the distribution of piece goods in China, Mr. Rose attributed the real advantage of non-British competing firms, especially German, to the fact that they have China houses, with their headquarters in China, with responsible partners on the spot, who can make prompt decisions and accommodate themselves quickly to any new development. In conclusion, Mr. Rose said, "closer co-operation between the producer, the exporter, and the official is perhaps the thing which could help most of all to extend our national trade in China."

ARBOUR DAY IN PEKING.

At 9.45 on April 6th, President Li Yuan-hung attended the Arbour Day ceremony in person at the Temple of Heaven. After taking a short rest in the reception room, he opened the programme. Facing south, while music was being played, he placed three spadefuls of earth on the roots of a newly-planted tree. Then each member of the Cabinet planted a young shrub according to their official order, being followed by other government officers, boy and girl students and many spectators. The number of new trees planted was more than 300. No Cabinet meeting was held on account of the ceremony. Members of the Senate and House were to perform a similar ceremony on April 6th.

BISLEY IN 1916.

Lord Chylesmore, Chairman of the N.R.A., presiding at a meeting of the association, said that 6,260 officers and non-commissioned officers qualified at Bisley in the past year as musketry and machine-gun instructors. He was optimistic as to the future of rifle shooting, and hoped the Bisley meeting would be resumed in 1918.

Australia has adopted the wattle for its emblem, and Canada the maple leaf, but the inhabitants of the United States possess neither a national emblem nor a national flower. "The Star-Spangled Banner," "Dixie," and "Hail Columbia" are used indifferently for an anthem. Mr. Roosevelt wants to see these discarded in favour of Julia Ward Howe's "Battle Hymn of the Republic." For a national flower the columbina has been suggested, on the ground that its common name suggests Columbus and Columbia, whilst its botanical name, "aquilegia," associates it with the bird of freedom. It can be raised from seed in almost any American garden, and it is native to nearly all the States.

BOWEL COMPLAINT IN CHILDREN.

DURING the summer months children are subject to disorders of the bowels, and should receive the most careful attention. As soon as any unnatural looseness of the bowels is noticed Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should be given. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

INTIMATIONS



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No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	207	10	10	10	10
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	217	10	10	10	10
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	227	10	10	10	10
Private Slip, No. 1, Kowloon	227	10	10	10	10
Private Slip, No. 2, Kowloon	227	10	10	10	10
TAI KOW TONG					
James Watson Dock	147	10	10	10	10
ARSENAL					
Arson Dock	147	10	10	10	10
Lanau Dock	147	10	10	10	10

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HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK

(Full-cream milk enriched with barley and wheat)

The Ideal Food-Drink for all Ages.

Science affirms its superiority. Experience confirms it. Gives strength and sustains it. Cereals beat and concentrates it. Builds Bone, Brains & Brawn. Refreshing and delicious. Easily digested and quickly absorbed.

Ready in an instant to the most delicate addition of hot or cold water.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

ORDINARY MILK is not always pure.

HORLICK'S is guaranteed uniformly so.

ORDINARY MILK is usually unsterilized.

HORLICK'S is safe and is not so cooking.

ORDINARY MILK often disagrees.

HORLICK'S never does.

ORDINARY MILK despoils quickly.

HORLICK'S keeps indefinitely.

ORDINARY MILK is seldom available when we need it.

HORLICK'S is always at hand.

HORLICK'S may be used in puddings, bread, cakes, custards, etc., in place of ordinary milk.

Sold by Chemists and Grocers.

In 3 sizes, 1/6, 2/6 & 1/- (all England).

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS., ENG.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

executed at the Offices of

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ALL DELICIOUS AND APPETISING.
GAME, HAM, CHICKEN AND TONGUE, ETC., ETC.

Prepared by a celebrated Chef under ideal conditions of cleanliness and selection.

IN GLASS TINS AND WHITE JARS.

ONE OF THE BEST OF
CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED TABLE DELICACIES.

AGENTS FOR LEA & PERKINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's

Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

DIARRHOEA, and is the only
CHOLERA and
DYSENTERY.

Specific in
CHOLERA and
DYSENTERY.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sole by all Chemists.
Prices in England.
1/11, 2/9, 4/6.

Check and reports
FEVER, GRIPE, AGUE.
The Best Remedy known for
COUGHS, COLDS,
ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

The only medicine in
NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Sole Manufacturers:
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AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
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PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

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PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned), on

TUESDAY,
the 17th April, 1917, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of "Ice House Street,"

VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,
as follows:—
Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furniture, Double and Single Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Twin Bedsteads (Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Wagons, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Chesterfield Sofas, Arm-chairs, &c., Wardrobes and Toilet Tables, Cots, &c., Miscellaneous Furniture, Roll-top Desks, Blackwood Ware, including Cabinets, Wardrobes, Stands, &c., Brass Fenders and Fire Brackets, a few lots Porcelains, and Curioes, &c., Pantry, Bath Room and Kitchen Utensils, Electric Lamps, Fans, &c., &c., &c.
(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

TERMS—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, April 11, 1917. 1663

"CHINA MAIL"

PUBLICATIONS.

OBTAINABLE at the "CHINA MAIL" Office, 2, Wyndham Street, Hongkong—

HISTORY OF UNION CHURCH (1897-1908) 50

HONGKONG'S MUSICAL HISTORY 50

NOTES ON WILD LIFE IN HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA (by Rev. G. A. Banbury, M.A.) 50

Part I—Mammals and Birds 50

Part II—Reptiles, Amphibians and Fishes 50

THE MISSIONS STRANGERS (History of the Eastern Churches) 1.00

CHINESE SCHOOL BOOK ("San-Tse-King" translated by E. J. Eikel) 30

SIR ROBERT HART'S LAND TAX MEMORANDUM 50

WAPPING BOOKS (the new) 50

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned), on

WEDNESDAY,
the 18th April, 1917, at 11 a.m., at The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co.'s Godown No. 10, Fort-Six-Balls

GUNNIES

TERMS—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, April 13, 1917. 1673

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from The Hon. The Harbour Master to sell by Public Auction, on

MONDAY,
the 16th April, 1917, at 11 a.m., at "Green Island,"

A NUMBER OF BAGS OF
SALT PETRE.

A launch will leave Blanks Pier at 10.30 a.m. day of Sale to convey intending Purchasers.

TERMS—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, April 13, 1917. 1672

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (for account of the concerned), on

FRIDAY,
the 20th April, 1917, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of "Ice House Street,"

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.,
Comprising:—
Double and Single Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, etc., Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Chesterfield Sofas, Arm-chairs, &c., Wardrobes and Toilet Tables, Cots, &c., Miscellaneous Furniture, Roll-top Desks, Blackwood Ware, including Cabinets, Wardrobes, Stands, &c., Brass Fenders and Fire Brackets, a few lots Porcelains, and Curioes, &c., Pantry, Bath Room and Kitchen Utensils, Electric Lamps, Fans, &c., &c., &c.
(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

TERMS—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
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Hongkong, April 11, 1917. 1663

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SIR ROBERT HART'S LAND TAX MEMORANDUM 50

WAPPING BOOKS (the new) 50

INTIMATIONS

ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

"SCENES FROM SHAKESPEARE."

THEATRE ROYAL.
AT 8.15 P.M.
APRIL 23RD, 1917.

VOUCHERS which are being issued by the Hon. Secretary are to be EXCHANGED at Messrs. MOUTRIE & Co. ONLY on and after 9 A.M. MONDAY, April 16th.

Seats cannot be booked previously. Payment for seats is to be made at Messrs. MOUTRIE & Co., \$3.00 each.

J. BENTLEY,
Hon. Secretary.
St. George's Day Committee. [1674]

KEATING'S

KILLS

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FLEAS

MOTHS

BEEETLES

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KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location

ALL ELECTRIC TRAM Pass Entrance.
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.
European Baths and Sanitary Fittings.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.

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LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your system's life powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS.

Prices: \$1.25 and \$2.25.

HUMAN LOSSES IN WAR.

A DANISH ESTIMATE.

A voluntary organization known as the War Study Society has been formed at Copenhagen for the purpose of studying the social consequences of the world war. The first product of its labours is a valuable bulletin issued on August 1st, 1916, computing the human losses in each belligerent country during the first two years of the conflict. The computations are made by a Board of Administration, which consists of a chairman and two scientific collaborators, elected from the membership for six months. The secretary is Mr. Sv. Triier, of Copenhagen.

To procure the necessary data of casualties was a task of no little difficulty, as in nearly all the warring countries the number of the men lost is carefully guarded. England published her losses in detail up to January, 1916, but other belligerent nations declined to give such information to the world. The results of a careful inquiry, based on the best sources of information at hand, are summarized by the society as follows:—

1.—DIRECT LOSSES OF HUMAN LIFE DURING TWO YEARS OF WAR.

	Dead.	Wounded.
Austria-Hungary	718,000	1,770,000
Belgium	50,000	110,000
Bulgaria	25,000	60,000
England	205,000	512,000
France	885,000	2,115,000
Germany	885,000	2,115,000
Italy	105,000	243,000
Russia	1,438,000	3,820,000
Servia	110,000	140,000
Turkey	150,000	350,000

Total 4,691,500 11,245,300

	Dead and Wounded.	Invalids.
Austria-Hungary	2,495,000	539,000
Belgium	150,000	30,000
Bulgaria	85,000	19,000
England	717,000	154,300
France	3,000,000	634,000
Germany	3,001,800	634,900
Italy	350,000	73,500
Russia	5,819,000	1,146,000
Servia	250,000	42,000
Turkey	500,000	105,000

Total 15,878,800 3,373,700

2.—COMPARISON WITH EARLIER WAR.

Period in Years	No. of Dead.	No. of Wounded.	Proportional numbers.
1790-1815	9,000	210,000	335 8.7
1854-1856	730	785,000	1,075 17.0
1859	41	45,000	1,100 17.4
1864	135	3,500	26 0.4
1869	40	45,000	1,125 17.8
1870-1871	210	184,000	875 13.9
1898-1902	935	9,800	10 0.2
1904-1905	548	190,000	292 4.6
1912-1913	238	462,000	1,650 30.3
1914-1916	731	4,631,500	6,366 100.0

The society takes up in detail each country as follows:—

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.
The computations are based on general casualty losses made public at the beginning of the war.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY LOSSES DURING TWO YEARS OF WAR.

	Officers.	Soldiers.	Total.
Dead	24,754	693,300	718,054
Wounded	43,340	1,735,300	1,778,640
Prisoners	—	—	1,150,000
Total	68,094	2,428,600	3,496,694

The estimates for the second year of the war do not include the missing, nor the sick, hence the figures above are considerably less than the figures heretofore given by the countries hostile to Austria-Hungary.

Compared with wars waged by Austria-Hungary in the second half of the last century, the following shows the relative losses:—

	Dead.	Wounded.	Total.
1859	5,400	25,000	30,400
1869	10,284	29,204	39,488
1914-1916	718,000	539,000	1,257,000

BRITISH ARMY LOSSES.

Fourteen statements of losses of the British army appeared to January 27th, 1916, when they ceased, and from these averages the following totals are arrived at:—

	Dead.	Wounded.	Total.
(August 4th, 1914, to August 21st, 1916—Statement in the House of Commons)	—	—	—

THE APPALLING TOTALS.
All the above figures cover, as stated, the first two years of the war. At this writing (February 1st, 1917) six months more have elapsed, or 25 per cent. of additional time. These six months have been the bloodiest since the outbreak of the war, particularly among the French, Germans, Austrians, Italians, Russians, and British, while a new element has entered into the contest—Rumania. It is a conservative computation to add, in order to reach a grand total of losses up to January 31st, 1917, 20 per cent. to the above figures. Indeed, in the case of France, England, Germany, Austria, Russia and Italy, from 25 to 30 per cent. might safely be added. The adding of 20 per cent. would bring the total dead on January 31st, 1917, into the neighborhood of 5,800,000, and would show the wounded to be in excess of 15,000,000.

The number of prisoners from the British army, as reported up to June 1st, 1916, were as follows:—In Germany, 82,000; in Turkey, 17,227; in Bulgaria, 440. Lord Newton stated in the House of Commons on May 1st, 1916, that 1,215 of the 25,621 prisoners of the army taken in Germany had died—a death rate of 5.14 per cent. The ravages of disease among the soldiers in the Dardanelles are evident by the official report, showing that between April 25th and December 11th, 1915, 96,881 were taken to the hospital; while the dead and wounded amounted to 112,901. This large percentage of sickness was due to epidemics of typhus; there were 28,500 cases out of a total of 78,200 between April and October, 1915. The absolute losses, including the killed, missing, wounded, and sick, who will not return to the front, from the beginning of the war to January 31st, 1916, in the English Army is figured at 410,722, being 74 per cent. of the total losses as reported up to January 31st, 1916, which aggregated 549,467. Of the 410,722 total losses, 128,128 were killed or died of wounds.

BRITISH NAVY LOSSES.

The total of losses in the British Navy, as reported before the Jutland battle on May 31st, 1916, was 12,100, of which 19,517 were killed or died of wounds. The losses in the Jutland battle were 5,617, which brings the total losses of the British Navy up to the middle of June, 1916, to 18,717, of whom 16,981 were killed and wounded.

From the preceding figures—the losses, being based upon official reports and established averages—the total losses for the British Army and Navy in the two years are computed at 808,463, of which 34,363 were officers. The absolute losses were, in killed and permanently wounded during the two years, 359,725. This total compares with the Crimean and Boer wars, as follows:—

Killed and Wounded.

	Two years.	Present war.
Crimean war	2,000,000	188,464 512,465
Boer war	250,000	5,774 22,229

LOSSES OF FRANCE.

Only approximate estimates of the French losses can be arrived at, as casualty lists are not published, and official statements regarding the number of killed and wounded are not given. Some reliable figures, however, are computed from statistics of certain organizations related to the army.

It is known that from September 15th, to November 30th, 1914, 490,000 wounded were treated at the different hospitals, of which 54.5 per cent. returned to the front; only 2.48 per cent. died; 17 per cent. remained at the hospitals and are computed as permanently lost.

The French Relief Society officially stated that up to June, 1915 (ten months of the war), the killed, wounded, missing, and prisoners of the French aggregated 1,400,000. From other information, and meagre reports, the War Study Society arrives at the following losses for the two years of the war:—

FRANCE LOSSES IN TWO YEARS OF THE WAR.

	Killed.	Wounded.	Invalids.
1898	2,338	17,064	13,590
1870-1871	138,371	137,355	276,497
1914-1916	885,000	2,115,000	3,000,000

GERMANY'S WAR LOSSES.

The losses of Germany are computed from the casualty lists published by the Minister of War. Up to July 1st, 1916, 1,032 such lists had been issued, containing 13,178 pages, averaging 262.3 casualties per page, but these included certain percentages of corrections and duplications, so the actual bases are figured at 225.6 per page, which would bring the total published losses from the beginning of the war to the first of July, 1916 (twenty-three months) to 2,975,592. These lists, however, do not indicate the time at which the losses were sustained, but from the reports it is estimated that the casualty lists up to the twenty-third month of the war only covered the period to May 15th, 1916. Maintaining the same average for the six weeks, the total up to May 15th, 1916 (twenty-one-and-a-half months) of the war, would be 3,012,387; and, according to the above computations, of these the dead number 771,808, 28.3 per cent.; seriously wounded, 447,177, 15.2 per cent.; slightly wounded, 1,805,145, 47.4 per cent.; prisoners, 827,148, 11.1 per cent.

From all the data and averages the society estimates that the total German losses during the first two years of the war were as follows:—

	Dead.	Wounded.	Invalids.
Slightly wounded	865,560	1,002,560	—
Severely wounded	—	613,409	—
Prisoners—about	—	400,000	—
Total	865,560	2,015,969	—

LOSSES OF ITALY.

The Italian Government does not publish figures, and results can only be computed from partial reports and averages. The Austrian (Imperial) Staff on November 31st, 1916, asserted that six months of the war had cost Italy half a million men. The German "Kriegs-Zeitung" in May stated that the first twelve months of the war had cost Italy 3,000,000 men. The "Army and Navy Gazette," April 22nd, 1916, reported the

total Italian losses at 25,000 a month.

From these reports and others the Italian losses for the first fourteen months of the war are computed as follows:—

	Killed.	Wounded.	Prisoners.
1898	2,338	17,064	13,590
1870-1871	138,371	137,355	276,497
1914-1916	885,000	2,115,000	3,000,000

RUSSIAN LOSSES IN TWO YEARS OF THE WAR.

The losses of Russia are computed from estimates, with deductions, from fragmentary reports. No official figures are available. It is known from hospital reports that during the first six months of the war the sick and wounded amounted to 1,200,000 and unofficial figures show that during eighteen months of the war the sick and wounded reached 3,950,000, of whom 1,048,000 were sick. The Russian Government has issued 185 lists of killed, but these official lists were not always available. Based upon the most reliable data and reports, the following estimates are arrived at:—

RUSSIAN LOSSES IN FIRST TWO YEARS OF THE WAR.

	Officers and Men.	Losses in fighting.	Losses in sick.
1898	2,338	17,064	13,590
1870-1871	138,371	137,355	276,497
1914-1916	885,000	2,115,000	3,000,000

BALKAN STATES AND BELGIUM.

No official information of the losses of the Balkan States and Turkey is procurable; but based upon the available data and reports the following results are arrived at by the society:—

THE WAR LOSSES OF THE BALKAN STATES AND TURKEY UP TO AUGUST 1st, 1916.

	Dead.	Wounded.	Invalids.
Bulgaria	25,000	60,000	18,000
Servia	60,000	140,000	42,000
Turkey	150,000	350,000	105,000

TOGETHER, 225,000 550,000 165,000.

No official information of the losses of Belgium is procurable, but from the reports the total losses of the Belgians in the first two years of the war are at 247,000, of whom 47,000 are killed, 100,000 wounded and 40,000 prisoners.

THE APPALLING TOTALS.

All the above figures cover, as stated, the first two years of the war. At this writing (February 1st, 1917) six months more have elapsed, or 25 per cent. of additional time. These six months have been the bloodiest since the outbreak of the war, particularly among the French, Germans, Austrians, Italians, Russians, and British, while a new element has entered into the contest—Rumania. It is a conservative computation to add, in order to reach a grand total of losses up to January 31st, 1917, 20 per cent. to the above figures. Indeed, in the case of France, England, Germany, Austria, Russia and Italy, from 25 to 30 per cent. might safely be added. The adding of 20 per cent. would bring the total dead on January 31st, 1917, into the neighborhood of 5,800,000, and would show the wounded to be in excess of 15,000,000.

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THE APPALLING TOTALS.

TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

ALLEGED GERMAN PEACE SUGGESTIONS.

LONDON, April 12. The Danish papers publish alleged German peace proposals which include the annexation of a portion of western Russia and the neutralisation of the Dardanelles under a Turkish protectorate. They are regarded as mere balloons d'essai.

GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

ANXIETY FOR A SEPARATE PEACE.

UNABLE TO DICTATE TERMS TO A HOSTILE WORLD.

LONDON, April 13. The intense anxiety of Germany to obtain a separate peace with Russia is further evidenced by the comments of the Government-controlled *Vorwarts* on the Russian Government's proclamation of March 10, which the *Vorwarts* suggests, might form the basis for a settlement between the Central Powers and Russia. It also asserts that the Central Powers do not desire to humiliate Russia or to retain the occupied Russian territory and suggests that the German Government should declare that it will not make any demands as a conqueror at a proposed peace conference and also should tell the German people the whole truth, viz: that the German Government is unable to dictate peace terms to a hostile world but that Germany will be successful if it can maintain itself against the world.

GERMAN AND RUSSIAN SOCIALISTS MEETING.

LONDON, April 12. Herr Scheidemann and other German Socialists have gone to Stockholm to get in touch with the Russian Socialists. A secret meeting between German and Russian Socialists has already been held at Copenhagen.

ANTI-WAR SENTIMENT.

GROWING IN BULGARIA AND TURKEY.

ATHENS, April 12. Grave disturbances are reported from Bulgaria, notably at Sofia where cries of "Down with Ferdinand" are heard. There are indications that an anti-war feeling is growing in Bulgaria and Turkey.

BULGARIAN & AUSTRIAN PEACE EFFORTS.

WASHINGTON, April 13. In connection with the reports of Bulgarian peace efforts in Switzerland, it is known here that not only Bulgaria, but Austria is taking such action. It is not known whether they are acting conjointly, but such soundings, even if tentative, show dissatisfaction with the course of the war and an apparent desire to negotiate direct with the Entente.

HOLLAND'S NEUTRALITY.

MIGHT BE A MEDIATOR FOR PEACE.

THE HAGUE, April 12. In the Chamber of Deputies the Premier said: "As a result of Holland's strict neutrality we are growing more isolated and gaining the affection of neither party, but it is essential that Holland should keep out of the war as she might be the mediator for peace."

NEW ISSUE OF BRITISH EXCHEQUER BONDS.

LONDON, April 12. A new issue of five per cent. Exchequer Bonds is announced. The price will be £100, and the Bonds will be redeemable in five years, with the option of two years on three months' notice. Holders not domiciled in the United Kingdom will be exempted from British taxation.

NEW AUSTRALIAN LOAN.

LONDON, April 12. The prospectus has been issued in the Commonwealth of Australia, of a loan of £3,000,000, carrying five per cent. interest. The price will be £97 and the loan will be redeemable in 1927.

SUBMARINE PIRACY.

GREEK WHEAT SHIP TORPEDOED.

GREEK GOVERNMENT PROTESTS.

ATHENS, April 13. The Greek steamer *Nedon*, with a cargo of wheat, insured for eight and a half million francs, and guaranteed by the Government, has been torpedoed, although Germany was officially notified of her approaching arrival. The Greek Government has protested.

FRENCH SHIPPING RETURNS.

PARIS, April 13. The French Admiralty's official report for the week ending April 8 states that 886 merchant ships entered French ports and 836 left. Three French merchant ships over 1,600 tons were sunk and one under 1,600. Three ships were unsuccessfully attacked and seven fishing boats were sunk.

THE SUPREME POLITICAL EVENT OF ALL HISTORY.

AMERICAN AMBASSADOR AND ANGLO-AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

LONDON, April 13. Dr. Page, the American Ambassador, was the guest at a banquet given by the Pilgrim Society, last evening. He said that the differences that had arisen in the immediate past between our two Governments and peoples had been enormously exaggerated as a result of German malevolence and the world-wide propaganda that had been conducted for years. Every conceivable device had been used to make a breach between us, and to magnify every petty disagreement into a quarrel. Nevertheless, the Anglo-American relations remained fundamentally friendly and sound. One of the most important results of the war, next to the removal of the German menace to free government, would be the closer sympathy between Britain and the United States. This would be important, not merely to the United States and Great Britain, but to all free nations. "We shall get out of this war an indissoluble companionship and indissoluble mutual duties to mankind. I doubt if there could be another international event comparable in its consequences and value to this closer association. I regard it as the supreme political event of all history. There is good hope that it will assure the co-operation of the majority of the organised human race to prevent intermittent devastations of the world. Such union of purpose would be much less sure of success if either great branch of the English-speaking world were lacking."

ANGLO-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP.

GREAT MANIFESTATION IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, April 13. There is a great manifestation of Anglo-American friendship, the Stars and Stripes and the Union Jack being everywhere intertwined and there have been numerous messages and speeches testifying to the unity of the Democracies to fight for freedom and liberty. The speech of Dr. Page, the American Ambassador, contained the following striking passage:—"For the first time we come to a war in the old world, except, indeed, when once before we came to suppress the Barbary pirates. It is singular that the present errand is so similar to that—(Laughter). From our coming overseas to fight, many consequences will flow. First and foremost, we all trust, an earlier victory, and then a better understanding of us, by the free nations of Europe, and of the free nations of Europe, by us. This, as I see it, is the largest constructive political need of the world.—(Cheers). We come really for an ideal. What is the United States? A vast territory of great resources!—Yes! A hundred millions of prosperous people! Yes! But the United States is more than these. The Republic is a system of society, a scheme of life, a plan of freedom, a state of mind, an ideal that every human being shall have the utmost possible opportunity for individual development.—(Cheers). This ideal is the United States. It was for this and upon this that our fathers established it, and this we have not forgotten, nor shall we ever forget it. It is to make sure that this ideal shall not now perish from the earth that we come into this war. High as the cost and great as the toll may be, we shall be the better for standing where we have always stood, whatever the cost.—(Loud cheers)."

AMERICAN WAR DEDICATORY SERVICE.

KING AND QUEEN TO ATTEND.

LONDON, April 13. The King and Queen and the American Ambassador will attend an American war dedicatory service at St. Paul's Cathedral on April 20.

THE OILFIELDS OF MEXICO.

SATISFACTORY ASSURANCE BY PRESIDENT CARRANZA.

WASHINGTON, April 12. President Carranza has positively assured the United States that the oil supplies of the Tampico and other Mexican oil fields will not be denied the United States and Great Britain.

COSTA RICA AND THE WAR.

WASHINGTON, April 12. Costa Rica has placed her territorial waters and ports at the disposal of the United States for war purposes.

THE IRISH HOME RULE QUESTION.

LONDON, April 12. A deputation from the Irish Conference Committee waited on Mr. Burke at Dublin and urged the Government to convene a meeting of the Irish industrial, commercial and agricultural interests, with a view to a Home Rule settlement.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

STUNNING BLOW TO THE ENEMY.

PRUSSIAN ACID PLOT FOILED.

LONDON, April 13. Renner's correspondent at British Headquarters in France telegraphing on the evening of the 12th, refers to the unparalleled rigorous weather. He says:—"We have materially widened the front of our attack. To-day we dealt the enemy a stunning blow on the north Vimy Ridge, which he was firmly holding, and captured Boisessach. This enabled the advance to close on Givenchy from which it is only six hundred yards at one point. The attack was launched at dawn, the objectives being carried with clock-like precision. The recent offensive was timely and ended a diabolical Prussian plot to shell Arras with Prussian acid projectiles which were first used during the invasion of Belgium. Several counter-attacks on Monchy-lez-Preux were repulsed, the machine gunners inflicting the heaviest losses of the new offensive."

FURTHER BRITISH PROGRESS.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: "We stormed the villages of Heninel and Wancourt with their adjoining defences. We crossed the Coujul river and occupied the heights on the east bank. We made further progress north of the Scarpe and east of Vimy Ridge and gains are reported this morning to the north of Vimy Ridge. We secured our positions and strengthened them. During the fighting on Monday and Tuesday we took prisoners from all the infantry regiments of six German divisions."

Our naval squadron, escorting bombing machines was heavily attacked. It destroyed three of the enemy's machines and drove down three others. We had no casualties. During yesterday we brought down four aeroplanes and drove down five others. Six of ours have not returned, while three were brought down."

BAD WEATHER ON FRENCH FRONT.

LONDON, April 12. The French communiqué reports reciprocal artillery fighting south of the Oise and in the region north of the Aisne. The weather is bad.

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, April 12. A wireless German official message states: "We repulsed attacks at Vimy and Lamour. We lost Monchy after frequent assaults. British attacks, including cavalry and armoured cars, northward of Monchy heavily broke down. The enemy again heavily bombarded St. Quentin. The artillery battle is increasing in the western part of Champagne. The aviators are active despite the storm. We bombed camps and munition dumps at Vesle and Suippes Valleys. The enemy lost twenty-four aeroplanes."

PATROL VESSEL MINED.

LONDON, April 12. The Admiralty announces that a patrol vessel was mined and sank in the Channel on Tuesday. Two officers and fourteen men are missing.

BRITISH MUNITION WORKERS' MESSAGE TO RUSSIA.

LONDON, April 12. The Press Bureau announces that Woolwich Arsenal workers have sent the following message to the munition workers of Russia: "Comrades! Now that you have overthrown autocracy we know we will win. Let us all work hard to help our brothers in the trenches whose sacrifices are greater. Every hour worked may save lives. Idleness will mean murder. Long live Free Russia! who has taken in her might finally to free people and enslaved."

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH.

THE ROAD TO VICTORY.

The following is the concluding part of Mr. Lloyd George's speech at the American luncheon, the first half of the speech being given in last night's *China Mail*.

Russia had engaged in this great war for the freedom of Serbia, Montenegro and Bulgaria. They were fighting for the freedom of Europe and they wanted to make their own country free, and have done it.—(Cheers). The Russian revolution was not merely the outcome of the struggle for freedom: it was proof of the great struggle for liberty, and if the Russian people realise, as there is every evidence they are doing, that national discipline is not incompatible with national freedom, nay, that national discipline is essential to the security of national freedom, they will indeed become a free people. (Cheers). "I have been asking myself a question. Why did Germany deliberately in the third year of the war provoke America to this declaration, to this action? Deliberately! Yes, resolutely! It has been suggested that the reason was that there were certain elements in American life which Germany was under the impression would make it impossible for the United States to declare war. That I can hardly believe; but the answer has been afforded by Hindenburg himself in a most remarkable interview. He depended clearly on one of two things. That the submarine campaign would have destroyed international shipping to such an extent that England would have been put out of business before America was ready. According to his computation America would not be ready for a year.—(Laughter). He did not know America. (Cheers). Then, alternatively, when America was ready at the end of the year there would be no ships to transport her army."

In Hindenburg's words "America carries no weight." (Laughter). He means that she has no ships to carry on (Laughter). That is undoubtedly their reckoning. Well, it is unwise always to assume that even when the German General Staff has miscalculated, that they have had no ground for their miscalculation. Therefore, it behoves the Allies—especially Britain and America—to see that Hindenburg's reckoning is as false as the one he made about his famous line, which we have broken already. (Cheers). The road to victory—and we guarantee victory with absolute assurance—a victory that must be found in one word, namely "ships". With characteristic keenness, the Americans have fully realised that and have already arranged to build a thousand and 3,000 tonners for the Atlantic trade. (Cheers). I believe that the Germans and their military advisers are already beginning to realise that this is another of their miscalculations which is going to lead them to disaster and ruin. The British are a slow and blundering people but they "get there." The Americans get there sooner: that is why I am glad to see America in. We have been in this business three years, and, having got through every blunder, we have got a good start, and now we are right out on the course. (Cheers). May I respectfully suggest that Americans should study our blunders in order to begin where we are now, not where we were three years ago! I am glad America is sending Naval and Military experts to Britain to interchange experiences with men who have been all through the dreary, anxious course of the last three years. (Cheers). After acknowledging the Allies' debt to America in the matter of guns and ammunition, the Premier proceeded to say that it was a bad day for the military Autocracy of Prussia when it challenged the great Republic of the West with its wonderful fertility and resourcefulness. We know that America will wage a strong and successful war and ensure a beneficent peace. I rejoice that America is going to win the right to be at the Peace Conference which will settle the destiny of nations and the course of human life for God knows how many ages. It would have been a tragedy for mankind if America had not been there. I can see a peace—not a peace that is to be the beginning of another war, but a real peace. The World is an old world; it never had peace. It has been rocking and swaying like the ocean, and Europe—poor Europe—has always lived under the sword. When this war began two-thirds of Europe was under autocratic rule. It is the other way about now, and Democracy means peace. (Cheers). The democracy of France did not want war, the democracy of Italy hesitated long before entering the war, the democracy of Britain shrank from it and shuddered, and would never have entered the cauldron but for the invasion of Belgium. Democracy sought for peace, strove for peace, and if Prussia had been a democracy there would have been no war. (Cheers). But strange things have happened in this war, and they are coming rapidly. There are times in history when this world spins so leisurely along its destined course that it seems for centuries to be at a standstill. There are also times when it rushes along at a giddy pace covering the tract of centuries in a year. These are such times. Six weeks ago Russia was an Autocracy, now she is one of the most advanced Democracies in the world. (Cheers). Today we are waging the most devastating war the world has ever seen. To-morrow, not perhaps a distant to-morrow, war may be abolished for ever from the category of human crimes. (Loud Cheers). This may be something like the fierce outbreak of winter, which we are now witnessing before the complete triumph of summer. It was written of those gallant men who won that victory on Monday—men from America, from Australia and from this old country—

which has proved that, despite its age, it is not decrepit—it was written of those men who attacked with the dawn—so work for the dawn—to drive out from forty miles of French soil those miscreants who had defied it for three years. They attacked with the dawn! It is a significant phrase. The breaking up of the dark rule of the Turk, which for centuries has clouded the sunniest land in the world, freeing Russia from an oppression which had covered it like a shroud for so long, the great declaration of President Wilson, coming with the might of the great nation which he represents, into the struggle for liberty—these are the heralds of dawn. They attacked at dawn, and these men are marching forward in the full radiance of that dawn, and soon Frenchmen, Americans, British, Italians, Russians, yes, Serbians, Belgians, Montenegrins and Rumanians will emerge into the full light of perfect day (Loud and prolonged cheering.)

THE YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.

The Report of this Company states: Working Account 1915 and Former Years.—After transferring \$343,966.24 to the Credit of Exchange and Investment Fluctuation Account in order to close that account, there remains a balance at credit of 1915 and Former Years' Working Account of \$1,081,017.00; and the Directors recommend the payment of a Dividend to Shareholders of 25% out of this Account and to place \$250,000 to the Credit of a New Investment and Exchange Reserve Fund. The Account will then stand as follows: Dividend of 25% (—\$15 per Share) \$ 180,000.00 To Investment and Exchange Reserve Fund 250,000.00 Balance Carried Forward 661,017.00 \$1,081,017.00

War Fund.—The Directors also recommend that out of the above balance carried forward, the sum of £1,000 be donated to the Sailors' War Orphans' Fund, being a fund which they consider should receive the support of this Association.

Working Account 1916.—The Net Premium earned during 1916, after deducting Return Premium, R/Insurance Premium, &c., amounted to \$3,766,155.29, against \$3,604,135.88, during 1915, and the Account shows a Balance at Credit of \$2,224,518.25. The Directors recommend the payment of a Special Dividend of 8%—\$3 per Share, to be paid out of the Interest earned, which will absorb \$36,000 and to carry forward the balance of \$2,218,518.15.

The Dividends will be paid in Tels at Exchange 73: \$18 per Share at Exchange 73—Tels 13.14 per Share. Reserve Fund and Reinsurance Reserve Fund.—These Funds remain unchanged and each stand at \$1,000,000. Building Reserve Fund.—This Fund shows \$150,000.00 at its Credit, which is ample for what it was intended.

Exchange and Investment Fluctuation Account.—Owing to the high rate of Sterling Exchange on the 30th December, 1916, viz: 3/5 13/16 (against 2/6 5/16 on the 31st December, 1915) not only was the \$120,837.85 at credit of this account absorbed but a further sum of \$343,966.24 was required to wipe off the amount at the Debit of this Account on the 30th December last, that sum was transferred from Working Account 1915 and Former Years, thus finally closing the Exchange and Investment Fluctuation Account.

Investment and Exchange Reserve Fund.—The Directors propose to open this new Reserve Fund by placing \$250,000 to its Credit, as recommended above. Sterling Exchange has been taken at 3/5 1/2 and the relative value between Gold Dollars and Tels at 82 1/2 (the Demand Rate on 30th December, 1916) and between Local Dollars and Tels at 73.

Investments.—The Value on 30th December last has been taken for all the Association's Investments. Directors.—The Association, the Directors all retire from office but, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. The Directors consider the time has come when it is desirable to increase their number to six and recommend that Mr. H. E. Arnold, whose name will be submitted to the Shareholders at the M'ing, be elected to fill the additional seat on the Board. Auditors.—The Accounts have been audited by Messrs. G. H. and N. Thomson, Chartered Accountants, who offer themselves for re-election.

By Order of the Board of Directors. W. S. JACKSON, General Manager. Shanghai, 26th March 1917.

THE FORTY-YEAR TEST.

ANY article must have exceptional merit to survive for a period of forty years. Chamberlain's "Cough Remedy" was first offered to the public in 1877. From a small beginning it has grown in favour and popularity until it has attained a world-wide reputation. It will find selling better for a long period. Try it and you will understand why it is a favorite after a period of coughing. It was written of those gallant men who won that victory on Monday—men from America, from Australia and from this old country—

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The mild and soothing influence which this preparation has classed it among the most valuable of its kind, in cases of Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Shortness of Breathing, or Difficulty of Expectoration; and while it removes the accumulation of phlegm, from its Tonic and Astringent virtues it prevents its formation, and allays irritation of the membranes of the throat and chest, rendering those delicate parts less susceptible of future irritation, and disease.

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HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Order by Lieut-Col. A. Chapman, Y.D.

JOINED.

Pte. W. J. Carrie having joined is allotted Corps No. 2,087 and posted to Scouts Company.

LEAVE.

Pte. H. L. Denry is granted leave for the duration of the war from 8th April. Spr. E. I. Grant Smith is granted leave for the duration of the war from 12th April. Spr. F. C. Cleme is granted 1 month's leave from 7th April.

STRENGTH OFF.

Pte. R. M. McLeay having left the Colony and resigned, is struck off the strength of the Corps from 13th April.

PARADES.

Monday, 18th instant.—

5.10 p.m.—Left, Centre, and Right Sections M.G. Co. Scouts Company and Civil Service Company outside Courts of Justice under unit Commanders and proceed by car to Polo Ground.

5.15 p.m.—Recruits of all units on Murray Parade Ground under Corps Commanders, Grimes and Edmonds.

5.30 p.m.—Artillery Battery (except members coming off and going on guard) at Belchers Battery.

Tuesday 17th instant.—

7.30 a.m.—Belchers 6th Section (sub-sections 1 and 3 only) at Belchers Battery.

5.15 p.m.—Stretcher Bearer Section at Headquarters.

5.15 p.m.—Mounted Section at Jockey Club Stables.

5.30 p.m.—Signalling Section "A" and "B" classes at Wellington Barracks.

5.30 p.m.—Artillery Battery (except members coming off and going on guard) at Belchers Battery.

Wednesday 18th April.—

5.10 p.m.—Commandant's Parade on Polo Ground. Left, Centre, and Right Sections M.G. Co. Scouts Company and Civil Service Company in field Service marching order with 150 rounds ball ammunition outside Courts of Justice and proceed by car to Polo Ground.

Thursday, 19th instant.—

5.15 p.m.—Mounted Section at Jockey Club Stables.

5.30 p.m.—Artillery Battery (except members coming off and going on guard) at Belchers Battery.

Friday, 20th instant.—

5.10 a.m.—Belchers 6th Section (sub-sections 1 and 3 only) at Belchers Battery.

5.15 p.m.—Recruits of all units on Murray Parade Ground (C. S. M. W. 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211th, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311th, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411th, 412th, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th

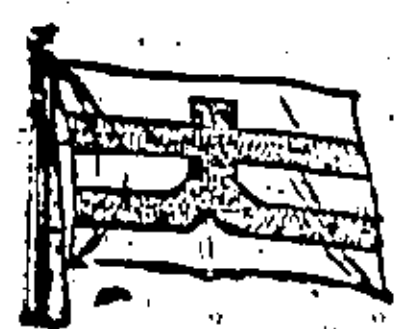
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"AMAKUSA MARU".....Sunday, 15th April, at Noon.
"KAIYO MARU".....Sunday, 22nd April, at Noon.
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TIENSIN & SINGAPORE.....April 17, at Noon.
SHANGHAI & SINGAPORE.....April 17, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & SINGAPORE.....April 18, at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & SINGAPORE.....April 19, at 4 p.m.
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on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers
are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Woosung.
For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
AGENTS.

Telephone No. 36.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

For SHANGHAI, SWATOW, WINGSANG, SUNDAY, April 15, Daylight.

SHANGHAI.....CHOTSANG.....TUESDAY, April 17, Daylight.

CALCUTTA LINE.—Three sailings per month from Hongkong to Calcutta calling
at Singapore and Penang.
Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed to Kobe and Moji, frequently
calling at Shanghai.

These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with
electric light and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton
and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow.

Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation,
and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via
Shanghai. Through Bills of Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.

MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with
good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Saturday.

HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo,
calling at Haiphong when convenient.

BOERNE LINE.—Two sailings per month between Hongkong and Sandakan
by steamers having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan,
Tawau and Lahad Datu.

TIENSIN LINE.—A regular service is run from March to October between
Hongkong and Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.

Under Straits Government Passport Regulations. All European Passengers,
leaving the Colony for Straits settlement, are required to produce on arrival at
destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Managers.

Tel. No. 215.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN.

CALCUTTA, STRAITS, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI
AND JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

WESTWARD.

The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and
are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For Freight or Passage apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO. LTD.,
AGENTS.

"NEDERLAND" ROYAL MAIL LINE

(STOOMVAART MAATSCHAPPY "NEDERLAND").

"ROTTERDAM LOYD" ROYAL MAIL LINE

(STOOMVAART MAATSCHAPPY "ROTTERDAMSE LOYD").

Joint Service
between NETHERLAND INDIES, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and
SAN FRANCISCO.

Next sailings for SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA and
HONOLULU.

STEAMERS TO SAIL
"RINDJANI".....29th April.

These superior passenger steamers have accommodation for first and second
class saloon passengers. In the SECOND CLASS EUROPEANS ONLY
will be carried.
For further particulars please apply to

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LUN,
AGENTS.

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH
WELLINGTON SILVERSMITHS
BLACK LEAD SOAP FOR CLEANING
POLYBRILLIANT METAL POMADE
NEVER BE COMES DRY & HARD LIKE OTHER METAL PASTES

JOHN CARL & SONS LTD., 11, "WILLIAM'S BUILDING", LONDON

SHIPPING

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good
accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fans in Staterooms
and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHEW
AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

STEAMSHIP CAPTAIN LEAVING
HAITAN.....Capt. A. E. Hodgins.....FRIDAY, 20th April at 12 Noon.

SWATOW

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—

DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.,
General Managers.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Company's Steamship
"KAGA MARU"
having arrived Consignees of Cargo are
herby informed that their Goods are
being landed and placed at their risk in
the Godowns at Kowloon Wharf are
Godown Contrary to Godowns at Kowloon,
where each consignment will be sorted out
mark by mark and delivery can be
obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless
instructions are given to the contrary be-
fore Noon, To-day.

Goods not cleared by the 15th April,
1917, will be subject to rent.

Damaged Packages must be left in the
Godowns for examination by the Con-
signee and the Co.'s representative
at an appointed hour on TUESDAY and
FRIDAY. All claims must be pre-
sented within ten days of the steamer's
arrival here, after which date they cannot
be recognized. No claims will be admitted
after the goods have left the Godowns.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Agents.

Hongkong, April 12, 1917.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear

MADE

TO

ORDER



OHERRY & CO.,

PEDDER STREET,

Opposite Hongkong Hotel.

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

LESSONS IN CHINESE

MR. LI HONG-YAN, a Chinese graduate versed in
Literature, has been a teacher in European
schools and has been in the Colony for ten years.
He has a good knowledge of Chinese and speaks
in the Chinese examination and is possessed
of a first rate certificate as Chinese teacher.
He has also a good knowledge of Mathematics and English.
Those who intend to learn Chinese language
are requested to write to "China Mail" Office or
direct to No. 121, Wellington Street, first floor.
[1917]

AGENTS.

LONDON.—WILLIAM BLAIR, 42 Gros
Russell Street, W.C., F. ALLEN, 11 &
12 Clement's Lane, Lombard Street,
E.C. T. B. BROWN & Co., Ltd.,
163 Queen's Road, Victoria Street,
CLARK, SON & PLATT, 85 Grace
church St., E.C. G. STREET & Co., Ltd.,
30 Cornhill, GORDON & GORCE, 15 St.
Brice St., E.C. ROBERT WATSON, 150
Fleet Street, C. MITCHELL & Co.,
211, Holborn, Victoria Street, E.C. D. J.
KEWELL & Co., 3 Whitefriars St.,
E.C. MATH & CROWTHER, Ltd., 10,
11 & 12 New Bridge St., E.C.

SCOTLAND.—FRASER, L. SMITH, 8 North-
St. David Street, Edinburgh.

PARIS AND EUROPE. MATTHEW FAIRB-
& Co., 18, Rue de la Grange, Bateli-
Paris.

NEW YORK.—T. B. BROWN, Ltd.,
Rollin Hall, West 42nd Street, New
York City.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports
generally.—DEAN & BLACK, San Fran-
cisco.

FOOCHOW.—BROCK & Co.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW
ZEALAND.—GORDON & JONES, Mel-
bourne and Sydney.

CEYLON.—W. M. SMITH & Co., THE
AUSTRALIAN CO., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—KELLY
& WALES, Ltd., Singapore.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.—A. B. WAT-
SON & Co., Manila.

SHANGHAI.—Messrs. KELLY & WALES,
Ltd.

JAPAN.—Messrs. KELLY & WALES, Ltd.,
Kobe and Yokohama.

CANTON.—PAUL & Co.

THE CHINA MAIL, LTD.,
5, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

"CHINA MAIL"
OVERLAND EDITION.

THE BEST WEEKLY NEWS-
PAPER FOR ALL INTERESTED
IN HONGKONG AND CHINA
GENERALLY.

ORDER IT BEFORE GOING
HOME, AND THUS KEEP IN
TOUCH WITH THE
COLONY.

EASTBOUND NEW YORK LINE
via PANAMA CANAL.

(CARGO ONLY).

NEW YORK via MANILA,
SAN FRANCISCO,
PANAMA and COLON.

For dates of departure and further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
B. MORI, Manager.

Telephone No. 222 & 225.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

UNIFORMS.
All white uniform of 1915 or previous issue which requires alteration or to be replaced as unfit must be produced at Police Station at 5.30 p.m. on Tuesday, April 17th.
All uniforms to which this notice applies must be produced by the holder in person, or by a person authorized by him to do so, at the Police Station, Central Station.
The holder of a uniform must be in possession of a valid white uniform must be at once sent by the holder to the Police Station, Central Station.
Cleaning must be drawn from the Army by all ranks on or before Tuesday, April 17th, on Friday, April 20th, between the hours of 5.15 and 6.30 p.m. for the purpose of drawing rifle.
All ranks will attend in uniform at the Police Station on Tuesday, April 17th, on Friday, April 20th, between the hours of 5.15 and 6.30 p.m. for the purpose of drawing rifle.
All ranks will attend in uniform at the Police Station on Tuesday, April 17th, on Friday, April 20th, between the hours of 5.15 and 6.30 p.m. for the purpose of drawing rifle.

RECRUITS.
Monday, April 16th.—Recruits of No. 1 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Tuesday, April 17th.—Recruits of No. 2 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Wednesday, April 18th.—Recruits of No. 1 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Thursday, April 19th.—Recruits of No. 2 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Friday, April 20th.—Recruits of No. 1 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Saturday, April 21st.—Recruits of No. 2 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Sunday, April 22nd.—Recruits of No. 1 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Monday, April 23rd.—Recruits of No. 2 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Tuesday, April 24th.—Recruits of No. 1 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Wednesday, April 25th.—Recruits of No. 2 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Thursday, April 26th.—Recruits of No. 1 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
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Saturday, April 28th.—Recruits of No. 1 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Sunday, April 29th.—Recruits of No. 2 Battalion and No. 3 Company.
Monday, April 30th.—Recruits of No. 1 Battalion and No. 3 Company.

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CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.
HONGKONG.

LET US MEET AFTER EASTER, 1917 APRIL.
Holy Communion (7.30 a.m.)
Matins (11 a.m.)
Responses, Festal: "Venite, Stainer; Psalm: Cooke, Woodward, Dupuis; Te Deum, Oakley in F; Jubilate, Hayes in F; Anthem, "Why seek ye Hopkins."
Holy Communion (12 noon). Hymn 140.
God Save the King.
Evangelion (5 p.m.)
Responses, Festal: Psalm: Oakley; Magnificat: Russell (22 evening); Nunc: Dinitia Goodenough (22 evening); Hymns, 304, 125, 130.

Union Church, Kennedy Road.
Sunday Services, April 15.
Morning Service at 11 a.m.—Hymns, 201, 202, 203, 204.
Evening Service at 8 p.m.—Hymns, 201, 202, 203, 204.

St. Andrew's Church, Kowloon.
Holy Communion at Morning Service.
Morning Prayer at 11 a.m.
Responses, Festal: Venite, As set; Psalm: As set; Te Deum, Lawes, Cooke and Hopkins; Jubilate, Bacon; Chant No. 380; Kyrie, Mendelssohn; Hymns, 216, 218, 280, 280. National Anthem.
Evening Prayer at 8 p.m.
Responses, Festal: Psalm: Oakley in F; Magnificat, Turle, No. 246; Nunc: Dinitia, Barry in E; Hymns, 215 (Tune 126), 206, 202 (2nd Version) 204. Vesper Hymn: National Anthem.

St. Peter's Church, West Point.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
10.30 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Preacher: Rev. W. T. Featherstone.

Peak Church.
Evening Service at 8.30.

The Gospel Hall.
10 & 12 Pender Street.
Weekly Services.—Sunday: Breaking of Bread for Believers only 11 a.m.
Gospel Meeting, 8 p.m.
Tuesday and Thursday, Bible study 8 p.m.
Friday, Ladies' Bible study, 5.30 p.m.
Saturday, Prayer Meeting, p.m.

First Church of Christ Scientist.
MIDWINTER ROAD.
Sundays, 11 a.m.
Wednesdays, 5.30 p.m.

Wesleyan Methodist Church, Wanchai.
Sunday Morning Service 10.15 a.m.
Sunday Evening Service 8.15 p.m.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, Arsenal Street.
Sunday Evening, Gospel Meeting, 8 p.m.

St. Joseph's Church, Garden Road.
Mass and Sermon at 10 a.m. followed by the Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

Roman Catholic Cathedral, Glenlyon.
Low Mass at 6.7 and 8.30 a.m.
High Mass at 8 a.m.
6.20 p.m.—Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

HONGKONG REGISTER.
Previous day On date On date at 12 p.m. 12 p.m. 12 p.m.
Barometer 29.78 29.81 29.81
Temperature 73 69 69
Humidity 87 63 65
Direction of Wind WEST EAST E
F 5 4 4
Weather 0.00 0.00 0.00

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\$450
OUR STANDARD
16 Feet Motor Boat
Fitted with 24 H.P. Caille Engine which runs on either Kerosene or Gasoline.
Please arrange for a trial run.
ALEX. ROSS & CO.,
Machinery Office.
PHONE 27.

To-day's Advertisements

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.
TO LET.
It is hereby notified that the Government is prepared to let an Office to suitable tenant Room No. 5 on the top floor of the Post Office building (New Government Office) in Pedder Street on a yearly tenancy.
Further particulars and conditions of letting may be obtained on application at the Office of the Director of Public Works.
CLAUDE SEVERN,
Colonial Secretary.
Hongkong, April 14, 1917. 1679

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.
THE Steamship "GREGORY APCAR," having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by her are notified that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. Goods not cleared by 21st instant, will be subject to rent.
All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas on 20th instant, at 10 a.m.
Claims against the Steamer must be presented in writing within 10 days after arrival of Steamer, otherwise they will not be recognized.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by **DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.**
Agents.
Hongkong, April 14, 1917. 1681

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM PENANG AND SINGAPORE.
THE Steamship "JACOB," having arrived from the above ports, consignees of cargo by her are notified that all goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. Goods not cleared by 21st April, will be subject to rent.
All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on the 20th April, 1917 at 10 a.m.
Claims against the steamer must be presented in writing within ten days after arrival of steamer, otherwise they will not be recognized.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by **JAVA-CHINA JAPAN LINE,**
Agents.
Hongkong, April 14, 1917. 1680

EXCHANGE.
Hongkong, April 14, 1917.
On London—
Bank Wire ... 2/4
On demand ... 2/4 5/16
30 days sight ... 2/4 5/16
4 months sight ... 2/4 9/16
Credits, 4 months sight ... 2/4 5/16
Documentary, 4 months sight 2/4 5/16
On Paris—
On demand ... 231/2
Credits, 4 months sight ... 231/2
On New York—
On demand ... 26 1/2
Credits, 60 days sight ... 26 1/2
On Bombay—
On demand ... nom.
On Calcutta—
On demand ... nom.
On Singapore—
On demand ... 100/1
On Manila—
On demand ... 111/8
On Shanghai—
On demand ... nom.
30 days sight (private paper) ... nom.
On Yokohama—
On demand ... 100/1
Gold Leaf (100 fine per tael) 48.40
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate) 25.40 p.
Silver (per oz.) 38.9/16
Bar Silver Hongkong ... 47 1/2 nom.
Bar Silver Canton ... 47 1/2 nom.
Chinese Copper Cent ... 1 1/2 p.
Rate of Native Interest ... 7 1/2 p.
Hongkong Sub. Coin ... 6 1/2 p.
Hongkong Sub. Coin ... 6 1/2 p.

THE FRUIT SEASON.
POWELL, complaint is sure to be prevalent during the fruit season. Be sure to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand. It may save your life. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

TO LET.
Apply to—
Messrs. DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, April 11, 1917. 1680

TO LET.
OFFICES at 2 Connaught Road.
OFFICES in Kings and York Buildings.
HOUSES in Clifton Gardens, Cenduit Road.
HOUSES in Broadwood and Moreton Terrace.
HOUSES on Sharncliffe, Canton.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

TO LET.
IMMEDIATE ENTRY, four very desirable SHOPS situated in Ice House Street, opposite the Grand Hotel. Recently reconstructed.
For rent and other particulars, apply to—
THE MANAGER,
Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd.,
46, Connaught Road Central.
Hongkong, March 15, 1917. 1578

TO LET.
NEW HOUSE in Cenduit Road. Ready for occupation.
Also 1 GODOWN in Duddell Street. For rent and other particulars apply to—
H. M. H. NEMAZER,
1 Dea Vieux Road.
Hongkong, March 15, 1917. 1577

TO LET.
FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.
A FLAT in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon.
TO LET OR FOR SALE.
Kowloon Marine Lot 48 with wharf area 58,000 sq. ft. suitable for coal storage or erection of godowns.
Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.
Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1917.

SILIMPON (SEBATTIK) COAL.
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the COWIE HARBOUR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPON COAL (either cargo or Bunkers) at current rates. Bunkers at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).
SILIMPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.
Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either cargo or Bunkers) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.
At Sebatik Steamers are berthed alongside the Company's wharf where there is a minimum depth of 27 to 28 feet at low water. Spring tides only.
Charts of Sibutu Bay (Sebatik Harbour). Prices and all other information concerning the Port can be had on application to the Agents.
BRADLEY & CO., LTD.,
Agents COWIE Harbour Coal Company, Limited.
1077

THE CHINA MAIL.
Can be obtained at the following places in Hongkong—
The Hongkong Hotel.
The Hongkong Ferry Wharf.
The Kowloon Ferry Wharf.
The Upper Peak Tram Station.
The Lower Peak Tram Station.
Wo Cheong (D'Aguilar Street).
Hans Cheong (Kowloon).
etc.

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Hongkong, April 11, 1917. 1680

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OFFICES in Kings and York Buildings.
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SILIMPON (SEBATTIK) COAL.
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Charts of Sibutu Bay (Sebatik Harbour). Prices and all other information concerning the Port can be had on application to the Agents.
BRADLEY & CO., LTD.,
Agents COWIE Harbour Coal Company, Limited.
1077

THE CHINA MAIL.
Can be obtained at the following places in Hongkong—
The Hongkong Hotel.
The Hongkong Ferry Wharf.
The Kowloon Ferry Wharf.
The Upper Peak Tram Station.
The Lower Peak Tram Station.
Wo Cheong (D'Aguilar Street).
Hans Cheong (Kowloon).
etc.

BURNING SMARTING PIMPLES ON BABY'S

Face and Body. Crust Formed Disfiguring Badly. Could Not Sleep.
HEALED BY CUTICURA

"My baby's trouble started when he was three months old. Pimples which seemed full of water came on his face and lower part of his body, then they burst and spread, a nasty crust forming on top disfiguring his body. He could not sleep for the burning and smarting.
"I saw Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertised and sent for a free sample. After the first dressing he was relieved so I bought more and he was healed." (Signed) Mrs. E. Pickering, Court 4, Southhouse Lane, Wolverhampton, Eng., July 29, 1915.
Sample Each Free by Post
With 25-p. Skin Book. Soap to cleanse and Ointment to heal. Address postpaid for samples: F. Newberry & Sons, 27, Charterhouse Lane, London. Sold everywhere.

FARES FOR PUBLIC VEHICLES.
CHAIRES.
I.—In Victoria with two Beavers.
Quarter hour, ... 10 cents.
Half hour, ... 20 " "
One hour, ... 35 " "
Three hours, ... 50 " "
Six hours, ... 70 " "
Day (8 a.m. to 8 p.m.), ... \$1.00
If the trip is extended beyond Victoria, half fare extra.
Between the hours of 8.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. the above fares shall be increased by 50 per centum.
II.—Beyond Victoria, with four Beavers.
Hour, ... 0.60 cents.
Three hours, ... 1.00 " "
Six hours, ... 1.50 " "
Day (8 a.m. to 8 p.m.), ... 2.00 " "
III.—In the Hill District.
With 2 Beavers With 4 Beavers
Quarter hour, ... \$0.15 \$0.30
Half hour, ... 0.20 0.40
One hour, ... 0.30 0.60
Two hours, ... 0.50 1.00
Three hours, ... 0.70 1.30
Six hours, ... 1.00 1.50
Day (8 a.m. to 8 p.m.), ... 1.50 2.00

TO LET.
IMMEDIATE ENTRY, four very desirable SHOPS situated in Ice House Street, opposite the Grand Hotel. Recently reconstructed.
For rent and other particulars, apply to—
THE MANAGER,
Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd.,
46, Connaught Road Central.
Hongkong, March 15, 1917. 1578

TO LET.
NEW HOUSE in Cenduit Road. Ready for occupation.
Also 1 GODOWN in Duddell Street. For rent and other particulars apply to—
H. M. H. NEMAZER,
1 Dea Vieux Road.
Hongkong, March 15, 1917. 1577

TO LET.
FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.
A FLAT in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon.
TO LET OR FOR SALE.
Kowloon Marine Lot 48 with wharf area 58,000 sq. ft. suitable for coal storage or erection of godowns.
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TO LET.
Apply to—
Messrs. DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, April 11, 1917. 1680

TO LET.
OFFICES at 2 Connaught Road.
OFFICES in Kings and York Buildings.
HOUSES in Clifton Gardens, Cenduit Road.
HOUSES in Broadwood and Moreton Terrace.
HOUSES on Sharncliffe, Canton.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

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